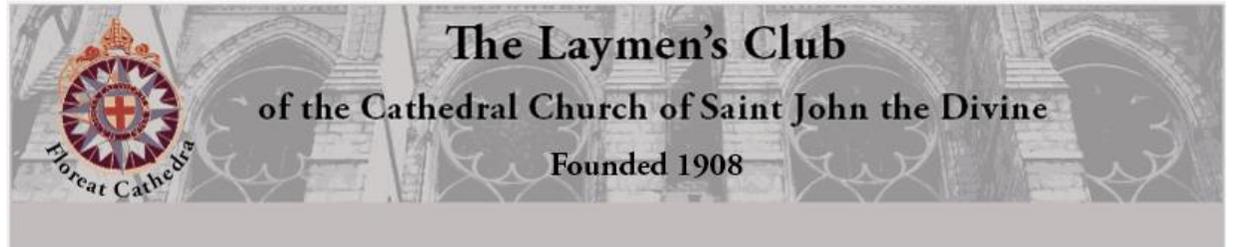




The Cathedral  
Church of **Saint John**  
**the Divine**

1047 Amsterdam Ave.  
at 112th Street  
New York, NY 10025  
T (212) 316-7490  
stjohndivine.org



### **Chronology of the Cathedral, compiled by the Laymen's Club**

#### **1873**

Bishop Horatio Potter founds the Cathedral by obtaining a charter from the New York State Legislature and thereby establishing The Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine as a legal entity. The Panic of 1873 and subsequent economic depression thwart plans to raise funds to acquire a site and commence construction.

#### **1887**

Horatio Potter dies and is succeeded by his nephew, Henry Codman Potter, 7th Bishop of New York. As one of his first official acts, the bishop issues an appeal to the citizens of New York seeking support for the construction of a cathedral that would be "worthy of a great city," in the Episcopal tradition but broadly ecumenical. A 13-acre site is acquired for the Cathedral atop the plateau known as Morningside Heights. Other leading institutions soon join the Cathedral on the Heights, beginning with Columbia University, Teacher's College and St. Luke's Hospital, creating an "American Acropolis."

#### **1888**

Sixty-eight architects submit designs in a competition to select a design for the Cathedral.

#### **1891**

The design competition is won by George Heins and Christopher Grant LaFarge. The Heins & LaFarge design is eclectic - a Romanesque interior with Byzantine overtones and an exterior with many Gothic elements.

#### **1892**

Bishop Potter lays the cornerstone on the patronal feast, St. John's Day, December 27.

#### **1893**

Excavation begins for the foundation of the apse. Geological surprises make reaching bedrock a much longer and more costly process than anticipated.

#### **1899**



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The first services are held in a chapel in the crypt, the only part of the Cathedral to be completed after more than five years of work.

**1901**

The Cathedral School is founded as a residential choir school for boy choristers.

**1903**

The eight massive granite columns to support the Cathedral's east end are transported from a quarry in Maine and hoisted into place. Work begins on the massive arches of the Crossing.

**1908**

The roof for the Great Choir is completed. Bishop Potter dies and is succeeded by David Greer, 8th Bishop of New York.

**1909**

Rafael Guastavino constructs a tile dome for the Crossing. Intended to serve as a temporary roof, the dome still stands, one of the largest free-standing domes in the world. Diocesan House (originally St. Faith's House) completed after a design by Heins & LaFarge.

**1910**

Ernest Skinner begins building the Great Organ, a landmark in the history of the instrument. Among its many innovations is a primitive computer.

**1911**

Consecration of the Chapel of St. Columba, designed by Heins & LaFarge. William Mercer Grosvenor is named the Cathedral's first Dean. The Great Choir and Crossing are consecrated on April 19. Several weeks later, the Cathedral Trustees hire a new architect to complete the Cathedral, Ralph Adams Cram.

**1913**

Completion of Synod House, Cathedral House and the adjacent Ogilvie House, all designed by Ralph Adams Cram. The Cathedral School building is completed after a design by Walter Cook and Winthrop Welch.

**1914**

Consecration of the Chapel of St. Ambrose, designed by John Carrère and Thomas Hastings.

**1916**



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Consecrations of the Chapels of St. James and St. Boniface, both designed by Henry Vaughn. Work begins on the foundation for the nave but is suspended due to a shortage of funds.

**1917**

Howard Chandler Robbins is named Dean.

**1918**

Consecrations of the Chapel of St. Ansgar, designed by Henry Vaughn, and the Chapel of St. Martin, designed by Ralph Adams Cram.

**1919**

Bishop Greer dies and is succeeded by Charles Sumner Burch, 9th Bishop of New York.

**1920**

Bishop Burch dies and is succeeded by William Thomas Manning, 10th Bishop of New York. Bishop Manning applies himself tenaciously and ingeniously to the reactivation of the building and fund-raising campaigns.

**1921**

The remains of Bishop Horatio Potter are translated to the Founder's Tomb behind the High Altar.

**1922**

Installation of the Historical Parapet depicting figures in the history of Christianity.

**1925**

Bishop Manning recruits Cathedral Trustee Franklin D. Roosevelt to launch a highly effective campaign to revitalize the building fund. Roosevelt mobilizes the sports and entertainment stars of the era in a series of benefits that raise millions of dollars. Construction begins on the west end of the nave. Building continues even after the Crash of 1929, providing employment for hundreds during the Great Depression.

**1928**

Consecration of the Baptistry, designed by Ralph Adams Cram.

**1930**

New York Times publisher Adolph Ochs acknowledges that Cathedral's efforts to improve Jewish-Christian relations by donating two twelve-foot high menorah to flank the High Altar. Milo Hudson Gates is named Dean.



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**1931**

A model of the completed Cathedral goes on display at Grand Central Terminal - an indication of the high level of popular interest in the great structure rising above the city.

**1932**

Charles Connick installs the Rose Window at the west end of the nave.

**1934**

Completion of nave vaulting.

**1937**

A model of a slum tenement dwelling is exhibited in the nave to publicize the need for decent housing in New York.

**1939**

New York World's Fair displays a model of the Cathedral to million of visitors.

**1939**

First services conducted in the nave, which is still separated from the Cathedral's eastern half by a masonry wall. Edward Nason West joins the Cathedral clergy. Over the next half-century, Canon West's acute aesthetic sensibilities and profound knowledge of iconography and liturgics will shape the Cathedral as a living building and create an interior atmosphere as unique as it is dramatic.

**1940**

James DeWolfe is named Dean.

**1941**

The entire length of the Cathedral is consecrated on November 30. An eight-day series of celebratory services is cut short the following Sunday by the attack on Pearl Harbor. Construction ceases, not to resume in earnest for almost four decades.

**1942**

The Cathedral accepts silver altar vessels from London's Chapel Royal for safekeeping for the duration of the war (thus giving rise to the urban legend that the Cathedral housed the Crown Jewels).

**1945**

Thousands fill the Cathedral for services of thanksgiving for the end of the war.



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**1947**

Unveiling of John Angel's sculpture of St. John on the trumeau on the west front. Bishop Manning retires and is succeeded by Charles Gilbert, 11th Bishop of New York.

**1949**

Dedication of John Angel's tympanum on the west front, depicting the Second Coming of Christ.

**1950**

Bishop Gilbert dies and is succeeded by Horace Donegan, 12th Bishop of New York. Special prayer service for race relations in New York.

**1951**

First telecast of Cathedral services. An ecumenical service marks including many Eastern Orthodox church leaders marks the 1,500th anniversary of the Council of Chalcedon.

**1952**

James Albert Pike is named Dean. Under Dean Pike and Bishop Donegan, the Cathedral's pulpit becomes a forum for important national issues such as civil rights, McCarthyism and the Cold War. ABC-TV begins weekly live broadcasts of "The Dean Pike Show," an early venture in religious broadcasting that will run for six years.

**1953**

Dean Pike sparks a controversy by declining an honorary Doctor of Divinity degree from the University of the South. Castigating the school's all-white admissions policy, Pike refuses to accept "a degree in white divinity."

**1954**

The Aeolian-Skinner Organ Company expands the Great Organ from its original 5,000 pipes to the present size of 8,035 pipes arranged in 141 ranks. The State Trumpets are mounted on the wall at the west end of the nave, 500 feet from the console, one of the most powerful organ stops in the world. Nine English tapestries based on the Acts of the Apostles after cartoons by Raphael are hung in the nave, where four may still be seen.

**1956**

The Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr. preaches at an ecumenical service marking the second anniversary of the U.S. Supreme Court decision in the landmark desegregation case Brown v. Board of Education.

**1960**



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Vandals deface the Cathedral with anti-semitic slogans, apparently to protest the Cathedral's friendly relations with New York's Jewish community. Riverside Church is also defaced. John Vernon Butler is named Dean, replacing Dean Pike who leaves to become Bishop of California.

**1964**

Six thousand attend an ecumenical service to support civil rights legislation and to call for an end to racial segregation.

**1965**

Bishop Donegan reveals that some wealthy donors have withdrawn financial support for the Cathedral because of his staunch support for the cause of civil rights.

**1967**

Bishop Donegan puts an end to plans to complete the Cathedral in a modern style, decreeing it will remain unfinished as symbol of the anguish of the troubled communities surrounding the Cathedral.

**1968**

New York City Mayor John Lindsay and Roman Catholic Archbishop Terence Cooke participate in an interfaith prayer service to address the urban crisis. Madeleine L'Engle publishes *The Young Unicorns*, a novel for young adults set at the Cathedral. Duke Ellington premieres his *Second Sacred Concert* at the Cathedral to critical acclaim.

**1969**

A solemn litany listing names of U.S. servicemen killed in action is part of a nationwide protest against the escalating war in Vietnam.

**1970**

Leopold Stokowski conducts Andrzej Panufnik's *A Universal Prayer* for orchestra and chorus.

**1971**

Massive peace rally at the Cathedral. ACT, an after-school and summer program for community children, is established. ACT currently serves hundreds of children annually. Performance of *Mass in F* by Galt McDermott, composer of *Hair*.

**1972**



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Bishop Donegan retires and is succeeded by Paul Moore, Jr., 13th Bishop of New York. James Parks Morton is named Dean. Bishop Moore and Dean Morton expand the Cathedral's advocacy of peace, social justice and the environment.

**1973**

Tennessee Williams is honored with an evensong service incorporating readings from his dramatic works and other writings. A special performance of Godspell draws thousands. The show's creator, John-Michael Tebelak, later becomes the Cathedral's dramaturge. Solemn requiem for poet W.H. Auden. The Cathedral School becomes co-educational. Creation of the Urban Homesteading Assistance Board to support innovative solutions to New York's housing crisis. UHAB promotes the idea of "sweat equity" whereby residents of run-down, city-owned apartment buildings become owners and operators by rehabilitating them. Now operating independently of the Cathedral, UHAB has participated in the rehabilitation of 1,300 buildings which are home to 27,000 families.

**1974**

Duke Ellington's funeral is attended by jazz luminaries and 12,500 mourners. A community recycling center is opened on the Cathedral Close, in the spirit of "think globally, act locally."

**1975**

Omega Dance Company, a pioneer in liturgical dance, becomes an artist-in-residence. The multicultural Symphony for the United Nations debuts under the baton of Joseph Eger.

**1976**

Bishop Moore preaches a headline-making Easter sermon in which he challenges corporations to keep their operations in New York rather than join others who have fled to other states, thus worsening the city's fiscal crisis. In this context, the decision is made to resume construction of the Cathedral as an outward and visible sign of the church's commitment to the city's future. Dedication of the clerestory window in the Sports Bay completes the installation of the Cathedral's stained glass. Poet Muriel Rukeyser creates a Poetry Wall. The wall still accepts and exhibits any and all poems that are submitted. Sitarist Ravi Shankar performs an all-night concert of ragas.

**1977**

The fledgling Big Apple Circus takes up residence at the Cathedral, rehearsing in Synod House. The Ensemble for Early Music becomes an artist-in-residence. Firefighters Memorial dedicated and installed in the Labor Bay of the nave. James Earl Jones performs the title role in Sophocles' Oedipus the King, presented in the Crossing.

**1978**



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Dedication of the memorial to victims of the Holocaust by Elliott Offner. Dean Morton announces plans to revive construction of the Cathedral as a community-based project. Local youth are recruited as apprentice stonecutters for the newly-opened stoneyard on the north field. First ordination of female priests at the Cathedral takes place several months after the General Convention of the Episcopal Church approves the ordination of women. One ordinand, Mary Michael Simpson, later becomes a canon of the Cathedral, the first female cathedral canon in the history of Christianity.

**1979**

Cathedral convenes a coalition of religious leaders to urge a moratorium on nuclear power and weaponry. The Manhattan Valley Youth Program is established to provide low-income young people from upper Manhattan with work skills and education enrichment. The Valley has assisted more than 100,000 at-risk young people. The Dalai Lama pays the first of his many visits to the Cathedral.

**1980**

United Nations Secretary-General Waldheim addresses the Iran hostage crisis at the Cathedral, urging a peaceful resolution. The Paul Winter Consort becomes an artist-in-residence. The Consort is well-known for its musical celebrations of the summer and winter solstices and its annual performance of the Missa Gaia (Earth Mass) at the Cathedral's observance of the Feast of St. Francis.

**1981**

Bishop Moore lays the Jerusalem Stone to resume construction of the southwest tower. Philippe Petit, famed aerialist and Cathedral artist-in-residence, delivers a trowel to the bishop via a high wire 150 feet above Amsterdam Avenue.

**1982**

Halveti-Jerrahi Order of Dervishes of Istanbul performs Islamic liturgical dance beneath the Crossing's dome. The Cathedral responds to a growing crisis of homelessness in New York by establishing a soup kitchen and overnight shelter, both of which continue to operate under the auspices of Cathedral Community Cares. Madeleine L'Engle publishes *A Severed Wasp*, a novel set at the Cathedral with some characters in common with *The Young Unicorns*.

**1983**

Dancers of the New York City Ballet perform at a memorial service for choreographer George Balanchine. Leonard Bernstein conducts at the first New Year's Eve Concert for Peace, an annual free event. Governor Mario Cuomo delivers a homily in a special Advent sermon series on the stewardship of political power.

**1984**



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Cathedral exhibits Christa, a bronze crucifix by British sculptor Edwina Sandys depicting Christ as a woman. A controversy erupts, with some hailing the work as liberating and others decrying it as blasphemous. Inauguration of the Poet's Corner in the Arts Bay of the nave, dedicated to American men and women of letters. Grand Harp Event features music composed for 30 harps positioned around the nave.

**1985**

Dedication of monumental bronze sculpture of the archangel Michael by sculptor-in-residence Greg Wyatt. The first Feast of St. Francis celebration, now an annual event, features a solemn procession of animals. William Jay Smith is named poet-in-residence. Dedication of the memorial for persons who have died of AIDS in the Medical Bay of the nave.

**1986**

Philippe Petit performs Ascent on a high wire in the nave to musical accompaniment by Paul Winter and pianist Evelyn Crochet. Nobel Peace Prize winner Bishop Desmond Tutu speaks at the Cathedral, calling for economic sanctions against the apartheid government of South Africa. Russian poet Yevgeny Yevtushenko reads his work from the pulpit. Actor Robert DeNiro reads English translations. Consecration of the Altar for Peace in the nave, by master woodworker George Nakashima.

**1987**

Dedication of the memorial to the genocide of the Armenians by Zadik Zadikian. Memorial service for writer James Baldwin includes eulogies by Toni Morrison, Maya Angelou, Amiri Baraka and William Styron. Summer silent film festival features musical accompaniment by Lee Erwin at the Great Organ.

**1988**

Artist-in-residence Forces of Nature, a dance company blending African and Caribbean traditions, presents a series of performances. Daniel Hoffman is named poet-in-residence.

**1989**

Interfaith observance of Anne Frank's 60th birthday. Thousands attend memorial service for choreographer Alvin Ailey. Bishop Moore retires and is succeeded by Richard Grein, 14th Bishop of New York.

**1990**

Vaclav Havel, playwright and president of the newly-liberated Czech Republic, is guest of honor at a gala concert. Big Bird and other Muppets pay tribute to puppeteer Jim Henson at his memorial service. Death of Canon West.



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**1991**

Solemn memorial service remembers all who died in the Gulf War. Theater visionary Robert Wilson stages *Grace for Grace*.

**1992**

The Cathedral marks its centennial with an architectural competition calling for designs that explore connections between ecology and spirituality. Spanish architect Santiago Calatrava wins the competition with a design incorporating greenhouse-like structures to serve as north and south transepts and a glass-enclosed arboretum atop the nave. The New York Philharmonic Orchestra performs Benjamin Britten's *War Requiem*, inaugurating an annual tradition of performing a free Memorial Day concert at the Cathedral. The Archbishop of Canterbury dedicates the Compass Rose set in the floor of the Great Choir. The Compass Rose, official symbol of the worldwide Anglican Communion, was designed by Canon West.

**1993**

The National Religious Partnership for the Environment is established at the Cathedral. Financial problems halt construction of the southwest tower. Memorial service for Dizzy Gillespie is held.

**1994**

The Abraham Fund convenes Arab and Jewish leaders at the Cathedral for discussions of peaceful coexistence. A free multicultural concert, *Rainbow People of God*, honors Archbishop Desmond Tutu. Dedication of the memorial to victims of the genocide in Bosnia- Herzegovina by Francis Krivicich. Keith Haring's triptych, *The Life of Christ*, is installed in St. Saviour's Chapel.

**1995**

*Bible Live*, an evening of readings and music, celebrates the life and work of Hebrew Bible scholar Everett Fox. Artist-in-residence I Giullari di Piazza premieres *Stabat Mater: Donna de Paradiso*, a medieval passion play with music drawn from a wide variety of Mediterranean folk traditions.

**1996**

Dean Morton retires after serving the Cathedral for 25 years. Catherine Roskam is consecrated as the first female bishop in the Diocese of New York. Al Pacino's *Looking for Richard* is released. The Cathedral's interior provides a dramatic setting for this workshop version of Shakespeare's *Richard III*.

**1997**

Harry Pritchett is installed as Dean. Victims of the TWA Flight 800 disaster are memorialized with a permanent installation close by the Titanic memorial. Simon Verity completes the carving of the Portal of Paradise after ten years of work. 14,000 attend the Cathedral's memorial service for Princess Diana,



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held in Central Park. South African president Nelson Mandela speaks at a memorial service for anti-apartheid activist Archbishop Trevor Huddleston.

**1998**

Mark Sisk is consecrated as 15th Bishop of New York, succeeding the retiring Bishop Grein.

**1999**

Artist-in-residence Mettawee River Theater Company presents *Psyche* in the Cathedral gardens. Stonewall 30: A Sacred Celebration brings together thousands from New York's gay and lesbian community.

**2000**

Molly Peacock is named poet-in-residence.

**2001**

Hundreds spontaneously congregate at the Cathedral within hours of the terrorist attacks on September 11. Two months later, fire destroys the north transept and the gift shop within it.

**2002**

James Kowalski is installed as Dean. *A Time for Hope*, a special exhibition of religious art treasures from Spain, attracts thousands.

**2003**

Cathedral proposes to lease two vacant areas of the Close for development in order to alleviate a deepening financial crisis. Avalon Morningside Park apartment rental building is built on the South-East Corner, with a 99 year lease of the land. As of this writing, the North lot has not been leased.